

In this Issue

► Page 3

Value review

Evaluating ChatGPT's long-term influence on value creation in the knowledge production industry is key.

► Page 4

Trust

The formation of trust on technology must not be confined to technological rationality.

► Page 5

Human-machine relations

To cope with thriving artificial intelligence, it is essential not to antagonize humans and machines, but to deepen collaboration between the two.

► Page 6

Communication risks

Social communication risks of ChatGPT are analyzed while risk prevention and control measures are proposed.

► Page 7

Technology & ethics

Ethical considerations should be prioritized throughout the entire process of conception, design and development of technologies.

► Page 8

Bronze civilizations

Located at the eastern and western ends of the Eurasian continent, respectively, China and Europe bred their own distinctive bronze civilizations in the Bronze Age.

Contacts

Tel: 0086-10-85886198
Fax: 0086-10-85886198
Email: csst@cass.org.cn

Address: 11-12 Floor, Tower 1
No. 15 Guanghua Road
Beijing 100026
P. R. China



CONTENT © 2023
Social Sciences in China Press

High-quality development prioritized for Chinese modernization

By LI JING, LIU YUE
and BAN XIAOYUE

Chinese President Xi Jinping stressed that high-quality development is the first and foremost task in building a modern socialist country in all respects.

Xi, also general secretary of the CPC Central Committee and chairman of the Central Military Commission, made the remarks while attending a deliberation with his fellow deputies from the delegation of Jiangsu Province at the First Session of the 14th National People's Congress (NPC) on March 5.

At the deliberation, Xi called for efforts to fully and faithfully apply the new development philosophy on all fronts, and better coordinate the effective upgrade in quality with the appropriate expansion in quantity in economic development. The country must unwaveringly deepen reform and opening up and transform the development model to accelerate the formation of sustainable institutions and mechanisms for high-quality development, Xi said. China's development must serve to continuously strengthen the people's sense of fulfillment, happiness and security, Xi added.

High-quality development matters

The critical strategy of "high-

quality development" was first put forward in the report to the 19th CPC National Congress, marking the transition of China's economy from high-speed growth to high-quality development.

"High-quality development is not only an objective requirement for harmonious coexistence between human and nature, but also a necessary choice for humanity to constantly seek to improve the endogenous driver of development in openness and integration," said Xi Guang, vice president of Xi'an Jiaotong University.

Xi Guang also regarded high-quality development as an important starting point for addressing climate change and environmental issues, and a core pillar for developing a green economy.

Since the 19th CPC National Congress, China has continuously optimized the traditional model that relied heavily on production factor input to fuel economic growth. Transitioning to a high-quality development model that drives growth through innovation is a strategy adopted after all aspects of economic and social development were comprehensively considered, Xi Guang said, adding that it is also a realistic path to meet the people's growing needs for a better life.

Shi Jiayou, a professor of law at Renmin University of China (RUC),

noted that the designation of high-quality development as the "first and foremost task" in building a modern socialist country in all respects indicates a shift in the development philosophy, which requires not only a reasonable increase in "quantity," but also a focus on the improvement of "quality."

No increment would mean no development, and without quality improvement, the people could hardly derive a sense of gain in the process of development, Shi said. "These are the two sides of the same coin."

Chen Yongjun, a professor of economics at the RUC, believes that as the "first and foremost task" in building a modern socialist country in all respects, achieving high-quality development is not only determined by the laws of economic development and the ruling party's logic of governance, but also lies in the scientific study and judgment of the development situation at home and abroad.

At present, China is in the process of rapid industrialization and informatization, and is experiencing profound changes unseen in the world in a century. This context underscores the necessity to adhere to high-quality development, focus on improving total factor productivity, and enhancing the resilience and security of the industrial chain and supply chain, in

order to effectively deal with external risks and challenges as well as boost international competitiveness and influence, Chen said.

Building new development pattern

Accelerating the establishment of a new development pattern is the strategic priority in pursuing high-quality development, Xi said in the speech to the delegation of Jiangsu Province. He urged efforts to integrate the implementation of the strategy of expanding domestic demand with deepening supply-side structural reform, and modernize the industrial system in a speedier manner.

Gong Liutang, a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and a professor from the applied economics department at Peking University's Guanghua School of Management, put forward a few suggestions for building a new development pattern. The suggestions include accelerating the development of the digital economy and facilitating a modern industrial system; deepening the reform of the income distribution system to keep increasing the amount of residents' income in the GDP; and promoting high-standard opening up to the outside world and enhancing the linkage effect of domestic and international markets and resources.

Academics contribute diverse motions to 'Two Sessions'

By ZHANG YIXIN,
SUN MELJUAN and ZHU YI

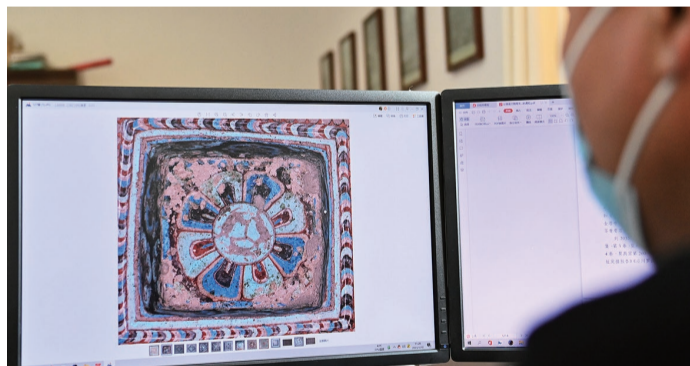
Scholars have offered a wide range of suggestions, motions, and proposals to China's annual "Two Sessions," which opened in early March.

The Two Sessions refer to the annual meetings of the National People's Congress (NPC), the country's top legislature, and the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC). Every year at the Two Sessions, NPC deputies and members of the CPPCC National Committee from various ethnic groups and fields turn the people's voices heard and issues discovered in their primary-level research into suggestions, proposals, and motions, effectively promoting the introduction and implementation of relevant national policies and measures.

This year, NPC deputies and members of the CPPCC National Committee from the philosophy and social sciences community have actively contributed their insights as usual, which are characterized by the combination of their academic research with duties for the Two Sessions.

Proposals on the humanities

Chinese characters carry the



A researcher showcases a picture of "Three Rabbits Sharing Three Ears," a distinctive pattern of Dunhuang murals, on Jan. 20. Photo: CFP

time-honored and splendid civilization of the Chinese nation. Further optimization and improvement of the database and input methods of the Chinese characters are important components of this year's proposal raised by Wang Canlong, a member of the CPPCC National Committee and a research fellow from the Institute of Linguistics at the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS).

Wang said that with the increasingly widespread use of computers and smart phones, the use of Chinese characters has entered the "E-era." Due to design problems with the database and input methods, sometimes certain characters can be recognized by people but not machines. For example, some

been made in Dunhuang studies, but there is still a long way to go to further explore the cultural implications and philosophical value of Dunhuang documents.

Liu proposed advancing studies of Dunhuang Grottoes archaeology, Dunhuang art, Dunhuang history, ethnicity, religion, literature, Dunhuang and Chinese-foreign relations, and Tibetan literature at Dunhuang in an all-round way. It is also crucial to accelerate the research of national key projects such as interpretation and recording of Dunhuang Grottoes documents and cross-verification of images and texts, in order to build a "highland" for Dunhuang studies in China, Liu suggested.

In addition, Gansu Province, where Dunhuang is located, is also home to numerous bamboo and wooden slips, with a strong research team, fruitful research outcomes, and advantaged natural conditions for preserving those slips. Strengthening the disciplinary construction of studies on bamboo and wooden slips plays a vital role in inheriting and carrying forward fine Chinese culture and promoting exchanges and mutual learning among civilizations, Liu said.

In recent years, with the joint efforts of Chinese and foreign scholars, considerable progress has

CONTINUED ON PAGE 2 >>